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Bovine Tuberculosis Testing Requirements for Cattle Imported to the United States from Mexico

1. Purpose and Background

This document updates the bovine tuberculosis (TB) requirements for cattle imported from various States and zones within Mexico. APHIS establishes TB testing requirements for Mexican cattle in accordance with existing regulations, based on evaluations of the status and control of bovine TB in Mexican States. Earlier versions of this document contained the list of the TB status and specific TB testing requirements before entry to the United States for cattle from Mexican States and zones. This list is revised periodically because of ongoing APHIS reviews of TB control in Mexico.

This document does not address additional import requirements related to cattle fever ticks or brucellosis. Those requirements are in title 9, *Code of Federal Regulations* (9 CFR) 93.427, paragraphs (b) (1) and (b)(2), and 9 CFR 93.442 respectively. Additional protocols for importing cattle and bison from Mexico into the United States address other import requirements.

The attachment provides a comprehensive listing of the TB status of all Mexican States and zones, including the municipalities comprising any zones (if applicable).

Pursuant to the Congressional Review Act (5 U.S.C. § 801 et seq.), the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs designated this rule as a non-major rule, as defined by 5 U.S.C. § 804(2).

2. Document Status

- A. Review date: 03/01/2025.
- B. This document replaces Veterinary Services Bulletin 2021.1.

3. Reason for Reissuance

APHIS issued a final rule on September 17, 2020, which established a new system for evaluating and classifying the TB status of foreign regions and applying associated import testing requirements. These regulations are encoded at 9 CFR 93.437 through 93.439. As indicated in the final rule, APHIS is temporarily allowing importation of cattle from eligible foreign regions to continue under administrative measures such as this Bulletin while completing the notice-based regulatory process to formally classify their TB status. Veterinary Services (VS) has updated this document to reflect changes in the bovine TB

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status of several Mexican regions which are not eligible for classification under the new regulations at this time. Specifically: The Baja California modified accredited (MA) Zone, Chiapas accreditation preparatory (AP) Zone, Guanajuato AP Zone, Guerrero AP Zone, Mexico AP Zone, Michoacán AP Zone, Nayarit MA Zone, San Luis Potosi AP Zone (A3), Tabasco AP Zone, and the Zacatecas-Jalisco AP Zone. Effective February 15, 2021 these Zones will be reclassified as non-accredited (NA) status.

4. Authority and References

A. Authorities (Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)):

7 CFR 371.4 9 CFR 93.400 9 CFR 93.438(d)

B. Definitions:

The following definitions are abbreviated. Please refer to the Bovine Tuberculosis Eradication Uniform Methods and Rules (UM&R) (January 1, 2005) for detailed definitions.

- 1) Accredited herd (cattle): An accredited herd is one in which all eligible animals have passed at least two consecutive official TB tests conducted at 9- to 15-month intervals; has no evidence of, or exposure potential to, bovine TB; and meets the standards of the January 2005 UM&R. An accredited herd maintains its status through annual herd testing around the anniversary date of the original herd test.
- 2) <u>Herd of origin</u>: A herd of one or more sires, dams, and their offspring from which animals in a consignment presented for interstate (within Mexico) or international movement originate; the birth herd.

Note: Animals from a herd of origin located in an NA region or that have otherwise resided in an NA region, including animals from certified-free herds, are not eligible for export to the United States for any purpose other than immediate slaughter.

3) Zones are defined as follows:

- a. Modified accredited advanced (MAA) States or zones: This classification defines the area (a State, or zone within a State with split status) that meets the requirements for MAA status. If a State contains more than one MAA zone, the zones are referred to numerically (e.g., MAA zones 1 and 2).
- b. Modified accredited (MA) States or zones: This classification defines the area (a State or zone within a State with split status) that meets the requirements for MA status. If a State contains more than one MA zone, the zones are referred to numerically (e.g., MA zones 1 and 2).

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- c. Accreditation preparatory (AP) States or zones: This classification defines the area (a State or zone within a State with split status) that meets the requirements for AP status. If a State contains more than one AP zone, the zones are referred to numerically (e.g., AP zones 1 and 2).
- d. Nonaccredited (NA) States or zones: This classification defines the area (a State or zone within a State with split status) that does not meet the minimum requirements for AP status. If a State contains more than one NA zone, the zones are referred to numerically (e.g., NA zones 1 and 2).
- 4) Whole-herd test (WHT): An official tuberculin test administered to:
 - a. All cattle in a herd of origin that are 6 months of age or older (Note: All animals of less than 6 months of age not tested during the WHT must still be accurately recorded in the WHT TB test charts. Records must include proper identification and age of animals. ID and age of animals less than 6 months of age during the WHT must be consistent on any future TB test charts.
 - b. All cattle in the herd of origin that are less than 6 months of age and were not born into the herd of origin, unless they were born in and originated from:
 - i. A TB-free herd.
 - ii. An accredited herd.
 - iii. A herd of origin that has tested negative to a WHT and the individual cattle have tested negative to any additional individual tests for TB required by the Administrator.

The WHT is valid for 12 months before importation to the United States. VS does not require an additional individual animal test for steers and spayed heifers if the animals were included in the WHT test and are exported to the United States within 60 days of the WHT. After 60 days, VS requires an individual animal test for steers and spayed heifers that is valid up to 60 days from the test interpretation date. Breeding cattle must further have a VS-administered individual animal TB test when presented for entry to the United States. Such testing must be administered at least 60 days from the previous TB test.

5. Audience

VS employees, other Federal and State agencies, and members of the public.

6. Import Testing Requirements

NOTE: Cattle for immediate slaughter can originate from accredited as well as nonaccredited regions. However, Mexico requires that these animals be TB tested before

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export to the United States. For more information, please refer to the Import Protocol posted on our Web site.

TB test charts must accompany the shipment at the time of presentation for entry to the United States.

A. Cattle from States and Zones with Accredited Free (AF) status

No AF States or Zones currently exist in Mexico.

B. Cattle from States and Zones with MAA Status

The entire State of Sonora is currently the only MAA-status State in Mexico. No MAA zones currently exist in Mexico.

MAA Status

Type of Cattle	Import Requirements
Steers and spayed heifers	No testing required.
i Sexually infact callle	One negative individual TB test at the border.

C. Cattle From States and Zones with MA Status

The following States and Zones in Mexico currently have MA status:

- 1. Chihuahua MA zone
- 2. Durango MA zone
- 3. Hidalgo MA zone
- 4. Puebla MA zone
- 5. Veracruz MA zone
- 6. Yucatan Peninsula Region (comprised of the States of Yucatan, Quintana Roo, and Campeche except the Campeche municipality of Palizada).

MA Status

Type of Cattle	Import Requirements
Steers and spayed heifers	One negative individual TB test within sixty (60)
	days of import.
Steers and spayed heifers from	Proof of TB accredited-free herd status must be
TB accredited-free herds	provided to the port veterinarian.
Sexually intact cattle	1. One negative individual TB test at the border.
	2. Negative TB test within the past 12 months for
	the herd of origin.
Sexually intact cattle from TB accredited-free herds	1. One negative individual TB test at the border.
	2. Proof of TB accredited-free herd status must be
	provided to the port veterinarian.

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D. Cattle from States and Zones with AP Status

The following States and Zones currently have AP status:

- 1. Coahuila AP zone
- 2. Nuevo Leon AP zone
- 3. Tamaulipas (entire State)
- 4 San Luis Potosi AP zones

*AP Status - NOTE: An official or committee veterinarian, or a SAGARPA-approved accredited veterinarian, must TB test all cattle in Mexico to be imported to the United States. The veterinarians must demonstrate acceptable caudal fold test response rates. SAGARPA posts a list of such veterinarians on its website.

Type of Cattle	Import Requirements
Steers and spayed heifers	 One negative individual TB test within sixty (60) days of import. Negative TB test within the past 12 months for the herd of origin.
Steers and spayed heifers from TB accredited-free herds	 One negative individual TB test within 60 days of import. The port veterinarian must receive proof of TB accredited-free herd status.
Sexually intact cattle	 Two negative individual TB tests 60 days apart with the second test conducted at the border). Negative TB test within the past 12 months for the herd of origin.
Sexually intact cattle from TB accredited-free herds	 One negative individual TB test at the border. The port veterinarian must receive proof of TB accredited-free herd status.
Wild-caught rodeo or roping steers and spayed heifers (also known as Corriente cattle)	 One negative TB test of entire lot of assembled cattle at the beginning of the isolation period. Negative individual TB test conducted a minimum of 120 days after the first test. The cattle must be exported within 60 days of the last test.

E. Cattle from NA States and Zones in Mexico

Cattle from the following States and Zones can be imported for immediate slaughter only:

- 1. Aguascalientes (entire State)
- 2. Baja California (entire State)

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- 3. Baja California Sur (entire State)
- 4. Campeche NA zone
- 5. Chiapas (entire State)
- 6. Chihuahua NA zones
- 7. Coahuila NA zones
- 8. Colima (entire State)
- 9. Distrito Federal
- 10. Durango NA zone
- 11. Guanajuato (entire State)
- 12. Guerrero (entire State)
- 13. Hidalgo NA zone
- 14. Jalisco (entire State)
- 15. Mexico (entire State)
- 16. Michoacán (entire State)
- 17. Morelos (entire State)
- 18. Nayarit (entire State)
- 19. Nuevo Leon NA zone
- 20. Oaxaca (entire State)
- 21. Puebla NA zone
- 22. Querétaro de Arteaga (entire State)
- 23. San Luis Potosí NA zone
- 24. Sinaloa (entire State)
- 25. Tabasco (entire State)
- 26. Tlaxcala (entire State)
- 27. Veracruz NA zone
- 28. Zacatecas (entire State)

Cattle coming from NA zones for immediate slaughter need only have one negative individual TB test, which is required by Mexico.

7. Inquiries

Please contact the Veterinary Services Live Animals Imports Staff, at 301-851-3300, Menu option 2, with any questions.

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Appendix

Bovine Tuberculosis Status of Mexican States and Zones by Municipality

Abbreviations used throughout:

MA: Modified Accredited

MAA: Modified Accredited Advanced

AP: Accreditation Preparatory

NA: Nonaccredited

1. Aguascalientes

VS considers the entire State of Aguascalientes to have NA status.

2. Baja California

VS considers the entire State of Baja California to have NA status.

3. Baja California Sur

VS considers the entire State of Baja California Sur to have NA status.

4. Campeche

Ten of the 11 municipalities of Campeche are part of the Yucatán Peninsula Region, which is MA status. The Palizada Municipality of Campeche is NA status.

Municipalities Comprising the Campeche MA zone

Calakmul

Calkini

Campeche

Campotón

. Candelaria

Carmen

Escárcega

Hechelchakán

Hopelchén

Tenabo

5. Chiapas

VS considers the entire State of Chiapas to have NA status.

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6. Chihuahua

VS has regionalized the State of Chihuahua into four zones: A Chihuahua MA zone consisting of 66 municipalities listed below, and three NA status zones that consist of the remaining municipalities in the State.

Municipalities Comprising the Chihuahua MA Zone

Aldama*

Allende

Aquiles Serdán*

Ascensión

Bachiniva

Balleza

Batopilas

Bocoyna

Buenaventura

Camargo

Carichi

Casas Grandes

Chinipas

Coyame del Sotol

Cuauhtémoc*

Cusihuiriachi*

Delicias*

Dr. Belisario Domínguez

El Tule

Galeana

Gómez Farías

Gran Morelos

Guachochi

Guadalupe Distrito Bravo

Guadalupe y Calvo

Guazapares

Guerrero

Hidalgo del Parral

Huejotitán

Ignacio Zaragoza

Janos

Jiménez

Juárez

Julimes

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La Cruz

Madera

Maguarichi

Manuel Benavides

Matachi

Matamoros

Meoqui*

Morelos

Moris

Namiquipa*

Nonoava

Nuevo Casas Grandes

Ocampo

Ojinaga

Praxedis G. Guerrero

Riva Palacio*

Rosales*

Rosario

San Francisco de Borja

San Francisco de Conchos

San Francisco del Oro

Santa Bárbara

Santa Isabel

Saucillo*

Satevo

Temósachi

Urique

Uruachi

Valle de Zaragoza

Villa Ahumada

Villa Coronado

Villa López

7. Coahuila

VS has regionalized the State of Coahuila into four zones: A Coahuila AP zone consisting of the 31 municipalities listed below, and three zones within the AP zone that are considered NA status, which consist of the remaining municipalities in the State.

^{*}Municipality split into MA and NA status

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Municipalities Comprising the Coahuila AP Zone

Abasolo

Acuña

Allende

Candela

Castaños

Cuatrociénegas

Escobedo

General Cepeda*

Guerrero

Hidalgo

Jiménez

Juárez

Lamadrid

Monclova*

Morelos

Múzquiz

Nadadores*

Nava

Ocampo

Parras

Piedras Negras

Progreso

Ramos Arizpe*

Sabinas

Sacramento

Saltillo*

Sanbuenaventura*

San Juan de Sabinas

Sierra Mojada

Villa Unión

Zaragoza

*Municipality split into separate AP and NA zones

8. Colima

VS considers the entire State of Colima to have NA status.

9. Distrito Federal

VS considers the Distrito Federal to have NA status.

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10. Durango

VS has regionalized the State of Durango into two zones: A Durango MA zone consisting of the 36 municipalities listed below, and a Durango NA zone consisting of the rest of the municipalities in the State.

Municipalities Comprising the Durango MA Zone

Canatlan

Canelas

Coneto de Comonfort

Cuencame*

Durango

El Oro

Guadalupe Victoria

Guanaceví

Hidalgo

Inde

Mapimi*

Mezquital

Nazas

Nombre de Dios

Nuevo Ideal

Ocampo

Otaez

Panuco de Coronado

Peñon Blanco

Poanas

Pueblo Nuevo

Rodeo

San Bernardo

San Dimas

San Juan de Guadalupe

San Juan del Rio

San Luis del Cordero

San Pedro del Gallo

Santa Clara

Santiago Papasquiaro

Simon Bolivar*

Suchil

Tamazula

Tepehuanes

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Topia

Vicente Guerrero

*Municipality split into separate MA and NA zones.

11. Guanajuato

VS considers the entire State of Guanajuato to have NA status.

12. Guerrero

VS considers the entire State of Guerrero to have NA status.

13. Hidalgo

VS has regionalized the State of Hidalgo into two zones: An Hidalgo MA zone consisting of the 26 municipalities listed below, and an Hidalgo NA zone consisting of the remaining municipalities in the State.

Municipalities Comprising the Hidalgo MA Zone

Antotonilco el Grande*

Atlapexco

Calnali

Chapulhuacan

Eloxochitlán

Huautla

Huehuetla

Huazalingo

Huejutla de Reyes

Jaltocan

Juárez Hidalgo

Lolotla

Metztitlan

Molango de Escamilla

San Felipe Orizatlán

San Agustín Metzquititlan

San Bartolo Tutotepec

Tenango de Doria

Tepehuacan de Gro

Tianguistengo

Tlahuiltepa

Tlanchinol

Xochiatipan

Xochicoatlan

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Yahualica

Zacualtipán de Ángeles

*Municipality split into MA and NA status

14. Jalisco

VS considers the entire State of Jalisco to have NA status.

15. Mexico

VS considers the entire State of Mexico to have NA status.

16. Michoacán

VS considers the entire State of Michoacán to have NA status.

17. Morelos

VS considers the entire State of Morelos to have NA status.

18. Nayarit

VS considers the entire State of Nayarit to have NA status.

19. Nuevo Leon

VS has regionalized the State of Nuevo Leon into two zones: A Nuevo Leon AP zone consisting of the 31 municipalities listed below, and a Nuevo Leon NA zone consisting of the remaining municipalities in the State.

Municipalities Comprising the Nuevo Leon AP Zone

Agualeguas

Anáhuac

Aramberri

Bustamante

Cadereyta Jiménez*

Cerralvo

China

Doctor Arroyo

Doctor Coss

Doctor González*

Galeana

General Zaragoza

General Bravo

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General Terán

General Treviño

Hualahuises

Iturbide

Lampazos de Naranjo

Linares

Los Aldamas

Los Herreras

Los Ramones

Melchor Ocampo

Mier y Noriega

Montemorelos

Paras

Rayones

Sabinas Hidalgo

Salinas Victoria*

Vallecillo

Villaldama

20. Oaxaca

VS considers the entire State of Oaxaca to have NA status.

21. Puebla

VS has regionalized the State of Puebla into two zones: A Puebla MA zone consisting of the municipalities listed below, and a Puebla NA zone consisting of the remaining municipalities in the State.

Municipalities Comprising the Puebla MA Zone

Acateno

Atempan

Ayotoxco de Guerrero

Caxhuacán

Chiconcuautla

Chignuatla

Cuetzalán del Progreso

Fpe. Tepatlan

Francisco Z. Mena

Hermenegildo Galeana

Huauchinango

^{*}Municipality split into separate AP and NA zones.

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Huehuetla

Hueyapan

Hueytamalco

Hueytlalpan

Huitzilan de Serdan

Ignacio Allende

Ixtepec

Jalpan

Juan Galindo

Jopala

Jonotla

Naupan

Nauzontla

Olintla

Pahuatlán

Pantepec

Tenampulco

Teteles de Ávila Castillo

Teziutlán

Tlaola

Tlacuilotepec

Tlapacoya

Tlatlauquitepec

Tlaxco

Tuzamapán de Galeana

Venustiano Carranza

Xiutetelco

Xicotepec

Xochitlán de Vicente Suárez

Yaonahuac

Zapotitlán de Méndez

Zihuateutla

Zongozotla

Zoquiapan

22. Queretaro de Arteaga

VS considers the entire State of Queretaro de Arteaga to have NA status.

23. Quintana Roo

VS considers the entire State of Quintana Roo to have MA status. It comprises part of the Yucatan Peninsula Region.

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24. San Luis Potosi

VS has regionalized the State of San Luis Potosi into two zones: One San Luis Potosi AP zone consisting of the 25 municipalities listed below, and one San Luis Potosi NA zone consisting of the remaining municipalities in the State.

Municipalities Comprising the San Luis Potosi AP Zone

Alanquines

Aquismon

Axtla

Cardenas

Ciudad del Maiz

Ciudad Valles

Coxcatlan

El Naranjo

Huehuetlan

Lagunillas

Matlapa

Rayon

San Antonio

San Martin Chalchicuautla

Santa Catarina

San Vicente Tancuayalab*

Tamasopo

Tamazunchale

Tampacan

Tampamolon

Tamuin*

Tancanhuitz

Tanlajas

Tanquian de Escobedo

Xilitla

25. Sinaloa

VS considers the entire State of Sinaloa to have NA status.

^{*}Municipality split into separate AP and NA zones.

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26. Sonora

VS considers the entire State of Sonora to have MAA status.

27. Tabasco

VS considers the entire State of Tabasco to have NA status.

28. Tamaulipas

VS considers the entire State of Tamaulipas to have AP status.

29. Tlaxcala

VS considers the entire State of Tlaxcala to have NA status.

30. Veracruz

VS has regionalized the State of Veracruz into two zones: A Veracruz MA zone consisting of the 165 municipalities listed below, and a Veracruz NA zone consisting of the remaining municipalities in the State.

Municipalities Comprising the Veracruz MA Zone

Acajete

Acatlán

Actopan

Acultzingo

Alpatlahuac

Alto Lucero

Altotonga

Alvarado

Amatlán de los Reyes

Apazapan

Aquila

Astacinga

Atoyac

Atlahuilco

Atzacan

Atzalán

Ayahualulco

Banderilla

Benito Juárez

Boca del Río

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Calcahualco

Camarón de Tejeda

Camerino Z. Mendoza

Carrillo Puerto

Castillo de Teayo

Cazones

Cerro Azul

Chalma

Chiconamel

Chiconquiaco

Chicontepec

Chinampa de Gorostiza

Chocaman

Chontla

Chumatlan

Citlaltepetl

Coacoatzintla

Coahuitlan

Coatepec

Coatzintla

Coetzala

Colipa

Comapa

Córdoba

Cosautlán de Carvajal

Coscomatepec

Cotaxtla

Coxquihui

Coyutla

Cuichapa

Cuitláhuac

El Higo

Emiliano Zapata

Espinal

Filomeno Mata

Fortín

Gutiérrez Zamora

Huatusco

Huayacocotla

Huiloapan

Ignacio de la Llave

llamatlán

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Ixcatepec

Ixhuacán de los Reyes

Ixhuatlán de Madero

Ixhuatlancillo

Ixhuatlán del Café

Ixtaczoguitlán

Jalacingo

Jalcomulco

Jamapa

Jilotepec

Juchique de Ferrer

Landero y Coss

La Antigua

La Perla

Las Minas

Las Vigas de Ramírez

Los Reyes

Magdalena

Maltrata

Manlio Fabio Altamirano

Mariano Escobedo

Martínez de la Torre

Mecatlán

Medellín de Bravo

Miahuatlán

Misantla

Mixtla de Altamirano

Naolinco

Naranjal

Naranjos Amatlán

Nautla

Nogales

Omealca

Orizaba

Ozuluama

Pánuco

Papantla

Paso de Ovejas

Paso del Macho

Perote

Platon Sanchez

Poza Rica de Hidalgo

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Pueblo Viejo

Puente Nacional

Rafael Delgado

Rafael Lucio

Río Blanco

San Andrés Tenejapan

San Rafael

Sochiapa

Soledad Atzompa

Soledad de Doblado

Tamalín

Tamiahua

Tampico Alto

Tancoco

Tantima

Tantoyuca

Tatatila

Tecolutla

Tehuipango

Temapache

Tempoal

Tenampa

Tenochtitlán

Teocelo

Tepatlaxco

Tepetlán

Tepetzintla

Tequila

Texcatepec

Texhuacán

Tezonapa

Tierra Blanca

Tihuatlán

Tlachichilco

Tlacolulan

Tlacotepec de Mejía

Tlalixcoyan

Tlalnelhuayocan

Tlaltetela

Tlapacoyan

Tlaquilpa

Tlilapan

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Tomatlán

Tonayan

Totutla

Tres Valles

Tuxpam

Úrsulo Galván

Vega de Alatorre

Veracruz

Villa Aldama

Xalapa

Xico

Xoxocotla

Yanga

Yecuatla

Zacualpan

Zentla

Zongolica

Zontecomatlán

Zozocolco de Hidalgo

31. Yucatán Peninsula Region

VS considers the entire Yucatán Peninsula Region to have MA status. The region consists of the entire State of Yucatán (106 municipalities), the entire State of Quintana Roo (10 municipalities), and 10 of the 11 municipalities in the State of Campeche as listed above. The municipality of Palizada in Campeche is NA status for TB.

32. Zacatecas

VS considers the entire State of Zacatecas to have NA status.